JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

Second Regular Session, 97th GENERAL ASSEMBLY

EIGHTH DAY, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 22, 2014

The House met pursuant to adjournment.

Speaker Jones in the Chair.

Prayer by Msgr. Robert A. Kurwicki, Chaplain.

Blessed are they that hear the word of God and keep it. (Luke 11:28)

Eternal God, we thank You for the coming of another day and for the opportunity it provides to work with You in the service of our state. May these hours glow with the glory of Your presence and in everything we do may we be mindful of Your good spirit.

We come to You with regrets and high hopes, each one of us with a prayer of our own. If we are weary, strengthen us; if we are worried, grant us a peace that calms anxiety; if we are wayward in thought and deed, steady us; if we are wavering in our allegiance to high ideals, be our rock and our fortress; if we are forever seeking our own way, help us to see that there may be other ways and above all to see Your way.

Enable us to meet the tasks of this day with unwavering strength and unwearying endurance. May we continue our work with integrity of spirit and a steadfastness of purpose to Your glory and for the good of Missouri.

And the House says, "Amen!"

The Pledge of Allegiance to the flag was recited.

The Journal of the seventh day was approved as printed.

HOUSE COURTESY RESOLUTIONS OFFERED AND ISSUED

House Resolution No. 161 through House Resolution No. 168

SECOND READING OF HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following House Joint Resolutions were read the second time:

HJR 65, relating to the lottery proceeds fund.

HJR 66, relating to the State Board of Education.

HJR 67, relating to limitations on the Governor's expenditure authority.

SECOND READING OF HOUSE BILLS

The following House Bills were read the second time:

- HB 1510, relating to mammograms.
- **HB 1511**, relating to tax credits for qualified research expenses.
- **HB 1512**, relating to tax increment financing reform.
- HB 1513, relating to the powers and duties of the Missouri Electrical Industry Licensing Board.
- HB 1514, relating to marriage licenses.
- **HB 1515**, relating to incentives for interstate business relocation.
- **HB 1516**, relating to the Missouri Good Samaritan Law.
- HB 1517, relating to Missouri's Lemon Law.
- **HB 1518**, relating to tax increment financing reform.
- **HB 1519**, relating to the early childhood equality act.
- **HB 1520**, relating to the Missouri Senior Farmers' Market Nutrition Program.
- **HB 1521**, relating to animal shelter fees.
- **HB 1522**, relating to making a threat to the security of a building or public school.
- HB 1523, relating to endowment funds.
- **HB 1524**, relating to repealing the death penalty.
- **HB 1525**, relating to candidate qualifications.
- **HB 1526**, relating to elections.
- **HB 1527**, relating to pay equity.
- **HB 1528**, relating to the duty of a pharmacy to fill prescriptions.
- **HB 1529**, relating to increasing preventative health services in the state through the prevention first act.

- **HB 1530**, relating to domestic violence.
- **HB 1531**, relating to abortion.
- HB 1532, relating to the designation of Engineer Awareness Week in Missouri.
- HB 1533, relating to automated traffic enforcement systems.
- HB 1534, relating to conditions of teacher employment.
- **HB 1535**, relating to personal firearms.
- HB 1536, relating to requirements for a high school academic diploma.
- **HB 1537**, relating to the privacy of student data.
- **HB 1538**, relating to telemarketer solicitation.
- **HB 1539**, relating to training requirements for a concealed carry permit.

COMMITTEE APPOINTMENTS

The Speaker has appointed Representatives Riddle and Stream to the escort committee pursuant to **HCR 2**.

MOTION

Representative Diehl moved that Rule 114 be suspended.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 153

Allen	Anders	Anderson	Austin	Bahr
Barnes	Berry	Black	Brattin	Brown
Burlison	Burns	Butler	Carpenter	Cierpiot
Colona	Conway 10	Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo
Cox	Crawford	Cross	Davis	Diehl
Dohrman	Dugger	Dunn	Ellinger	Ellington
Elmer	Engler	English	Englund	Entlicher
Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fraker	Frame
Franklin	Frederick	Funderburk	Gardner	Gatschenberger
Gosen	Grisamore	Guernsey	Haahr	Haefner
Hampton	Hansen	Harris	Hicks	Higdon
Hinson	Hodges	Hoskins	Hough	Houghton
Hubbard	Hummel	Hurst	Johnson	Justus
Keeney	Kelley 127	Kelly 45	Kirkton	Koenig
Kolkmeyer	Korman	Kratky	LaFaver	Lair
Lant	Lauer	Leara	Lichtenegger	Love

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Marshall Mayfield McCaherty Lynch May McDonald McCann Beatty McGaugh McKenna McManus McNeil Meredith Messenger Miller Mims Mitten Molendorp Montecillo Moon Morgan Muntzel Morris Neely Neth Newman Nichols Parkinson Norr Otto Pace Peters Pfautsch Phillips Pierson Pogue Redmon Rehder Reiboldt Remole Rhoads Richardson Riddle Rizzo Roorda Rowden Rowland Runions Scharnhorst Schatz Schieber Schieffer Shull Smith Schupp Shumake Spencer Stream Swan Solon Sommer Swearingen Thomson Torpey Walker Walton Gray Webber White Wieland Wilson Wood Zerr Mr. Speaker Wright

NOES: 000

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 007

Bernskoetter Curtis Curtman Gannon Jones 50

Pike Ross

VACANCIES: 003

JOINT SESSION

The hour of the Joint Session having arrived, the Senate in a body was admitted and Lieutenant Governor Peter Kinder, presiding, called the Joint Assembly to order.

The Secretary of the Senate called the roll, which showed a majority of the Senators present:

PRESENT: 031

Brown Chappelle-Nadal Cunningham Curls Dempsey Dixon Emery Holsman Justus Keaveny Kraus Lager Lamping LeVota Libla Munzlinger Nasheed Nieves Parson Pearce Schaaf Richard Romine Rupp Sater Wallingford Schaefer Schmitt Sifton Silvey

Walsh

ABSENT: 001

Wasson

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 001

Kehoe

VACANCIES: 001

The Clerk of the House called the roll, which showed a majority of the Representatives present:

AYES: 154

Allen	Anders	Anderson	Austin	Bahr
Barnes	Bernskoetter	Berry	Black	Brattin
Brown	Burlison	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Cierpiot	Colona	Conway 10	Conway 104	Cookson
Cornejo	Cox	Crawford	Cross	Curtis
Curtman	Davis	Diehl	Dohrman	Dugger
Dunn	Ellinger	Ellington	Elmer	Engler
English	Englund	Entlicher	Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater
Flanigan	Fraker	Frame	Franklin	Frederick
Funderburk	Gannon	Gardner	Gatschenberger	Gosen
Guernsey	Haahr	Haefner	Hampton	Hansen
Harris	Hicks	Higdon	Hinson	Hodges
Hoskins	Hough	Houghton	Hubbard	Hummel
Hurst	Johnson	Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127
Kelly 45	Kirkton	Koenig	Kolkmeyer	Korman
Kratky	LaFaver	Lair	Lant	Lauer
Leara	Lichtenegger	Love	Lynch	Marshall
May	Mayfield	McCaherty	McCann Beatty	McDonald
McGaugh	McKenna	McManus	McNeil	Meredith
Messenger	Miller	Mims	Mitten	Molendorp
Montecillo	Moon	Morgan	Morris	Muntzel
Neely	Neth	Newman	Nichols	Norr
Otto	Pace	Parkinson	Peters	Pfautsch
Phillips	Pierson	Pogue	Redmon	Rehder
Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle
Rizzo	Rowden	Rowland	Runions	Scharnhorst
Schatz	Schieber	Schieffer	Schupp	Shull
Shumake	Smith	Solon	Sommer	Spencer
Stream	Swan	Thomson	Torpey	Walker
Walton Gray	Webber	White	Wieland	Wilson
Wood	Wright	Zerr	Mr. Speaker	

NOES: 000

PRESENT: 001

Roorda

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 005

Grisamore Jones 50 Pike Ross Swearingen

VACANCIES: 003

The Doorkeeper announced the approach of the Honorable Mary R. Russell, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Missouri. Chief Justice Russell was duly escorted to the House Chamber and to the Speaker's dais where she delivered the following message to the assembly in Joint Session.

STATE OF THE JUDICIARY ADDRESS BY CHIEF JUSTICE MARY R. RUSSELL

Lieutenant Governor Kinder, Speaker Jones, President Pro Tem Dempsey, members of the General Assembly, the executive branch, my judicial colleagues and everyone gathered in this beautiful chamber: I am honored to have this opportunity to speak to you today.

I am especially pleased to be *here*, because the capitol building holds personal significance for me. It was here where I learned, first-hand, how the three branches of government work. I made my first visit as a high-school senior with Mr. Frank Brown's government class from Hannibal High School. Later, as a junior at Truman State University, I interned in the House, observing how laws were made. By the way, Rep. Chris Kelly was in the House back then too! I also worked part-time in the Senate president pro tem's office while working my way through law school at Mizzou.

I have had the good fortune to serve in the executive branch of government as well. I was appointed by Governors Ashcroft and Carnahan to several boards and commissions that helped carry out the laws adopted by the legislature.

And now I am in my 18th year serving in the judiciary, where we resolve disputes by interpreting what laws and constitutional provisions mean, when applied to a variety of situations – some foreseen, some not.

These collective experiences in all three branches of our government continue to convince me that all of us are truly "constitutional partners" – all equally sworn to uphold the constitutions of our state and nation – all equally entrusted by our fellow Missourians to make this state better for them, and their children, and their children to come.

Perhaps you are like me, having to pinch yourself that you have the privilege to work in the state capital. For me, it is the honor of working in the red brick building across the street. For you, it may be seeing the majestic dome of the capitol rising in the distance as you drive into town and knowing you have an office there. Our time to do good here is limited, and it will pass all too quickly. We must make the most of this unique opportunity. For we are all but temporary guardians of our system of government, and we must work together to ensure its legacy continues.

But there is another reason I am honored to be here *today*. This speech marks the 40th anniversary of the first state of the judiciary address in Missouri history, delivered by then-Chief Justice Robert T. Donnelly. In that speech to the General Assembly in 1974, he talked about the "exciting opportunities available" for "modernization of our operations." He predicted that the impact of technology on government would "be profound."

What a visionary Chief Justice Donnelly was. His statements about "the impact of ... technology" on the courts were made more than 40 years ago, long before desktop computers, e-mail and videoconferencing ... and maybe before some of you were even born.

Today, we in the courts continue to meet the challenge of being innovative in the services we provide, to maintaining prudent stewardship of public funds and to working in cooperation with all our "constitutional partners."

On behalf of the 407 state judges and commissioners and the more than 4,000 court clerks and staff working diligently in each one of your local courthouses back home, I am proud to say that the state of Missouri's judiciary is strong. We have been working smarter by implementing innovative ideas. We are resolving as many cases as are filed each year in state court. And our judges and staff are working hard every day to make Missouri's courts better for everyone. They deserve our thanks.

Missouri courts continue to be innovative in providing services

As Chief Justice Donnelly predicted, incorporating new technologies has been an ongoing process for the courts. We spent more than a decade deploying our case management system statewide. It was complete by 2008, and it empowers you and the public to use Case.net to search for information about cases filed anywhere in the state. About two years ago, we began changing from paper filings to electronic filings. Today, the Missouri eFiling System is being used in every

appellate court and 28 trial courts, with another 30 courts ready to come online later this year. We are rolling this system out as fast as our resources permit.

I am very proud of these achievements in increasing public access to the courts. They are examples of the kind of innovation in service that the public has come to expect from both the private sector and government. Like Case.net, our eFiling System is unique to Missouri. Thanks to an enhancement to Case.net that we implemented last fall, now you or any of your constituents can come into any courthouse and use a designated computer terminal to read the contents of any public document in the Missouri eFiling System. These range from pleadings and briefs to orders and judgments – no matter where in the state they were filed.

Building digital infrastructure into our court services helps all of government. For instance, our court technology allows the judiciary and various state agencies and county officials to share more information. This cooperation and coordination ensures that offenders can be apprehended more quickly, that people who are granted orders of protection can be kept safer, and that more child support payments and court fines can be collected. The bottom line is that sharing this vital court information helps to make all of government more efficient and more effective.

But we are not stopping there in expanding our services. After all, technology changes every day. And the public expects almost instant access to everything. So we are exploring ways to use technology to be more innovative in the services we provide to all Missourians. For example, we are determining how electronic tools can help jurors stay informed about when their services will be needed. We also are devising a way people can pay their fines online. A new and improved website about Your Missouri Courts is on the horizon as well.

It is also incumbent on the judiciary to help people understand the function that judges and the courts are assigned. Courts exist to protect people's rights and to give them a safe, civil environment in which to resolve their most pressing disputes. As judges, we are required to decide cases based solely on the facts and law, not on our personal beliefs or popular opinion. Like you, we take our oaths very seriously. We cannot promise any particular outcome in any case, but we do promise to support and defend our constitutions and to treat everyone with fairness, dignity and respect.

In our system of democracy, it is our duty to protect the rights and property of all Missourians and to be guardians of the constitution through which the people govern us all. But no matter how much compassion we might have for the people involved in legal disputes, judges simply are not in the "happiness business." For every decision we make, someone is unhappy, and sometimes everyone – including the judge – is unhappy.

In the past, judges have done their jobs well by staying in the courthouse. But more and more, we have found that people can better understand how the judiciary works by engaging with them in their communities.

One of my favorite parts of being a judge is the chance to accept as many invitations as my schedule will permit to speak with Missourians from all walks of life about how their courts work, taking the mystery out of the process. I have been in towns from Rockport to Kahoka to Caruthersville to Pineville, from Lebanon to Paris ... and Halfway in between ... and the same holds true for my "namesakes," *Mary* ville and *Russell* ville. But no matter where I go, I find that all Missourians share certain common expectations – to be treated equally and fairly, and to have justice administered the same no matter where they live.

This past fall, I was happy to accept Senator Doug Libla's invitation to travel to his district to visit some of the wonderful programs helping his constituents in the Bootheel. In fact, along with some of the program leaders, five of the young high school students I met in Caruthersville are here today – Amaud Bates, Tavauna Cobb, Nicole Davis, Shannon Gipson and Angela Wilhoit. Would you please join me in welcoming them to their state capitol? I hope that your first trip to the capitol will inspire you – as it did me when I was your age – to find a place in government service.

I am sure none of us, when we were in high school, imagined we would wind up here. But none of us should forget what led us to serve in the first place. That is why I never want to lose perspective of what it is like for the people who come to our courthouses, maybe for the first time, and who perhaps are overwhelmed by an unfamiliar legal process. Every case that comes before our courts is the most important one in the world to the people involved ... people who are worried about the potential impact on their lives, their families and their pocketbooks.

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This is why we are implementing a program of customer surveys focusing on the people who use our courts – litigants, witnesses, jurors, lawyers, social workers and others – as one way to determine how we can do our jobs better and make the process more transparent.

Instead of a "suggestion box," I wanted to go talk to people directly. So this past summer, I became an "undercover judge" by visiting two courthouses – in Osage and St. Louis counties. I talked with everyone there using the courts. Dressed in casual clothes and tennis shoes, I don't think anyone knew who I was. I sat shoulder to shoulder with people in the courthouse hallways. I could feel their anxiety, their worry and their apprehension as they waited their turn to appear before the judge. For most, it was their first time in any courtroom, and they did not know what to expect. Many did not have lawyers to help them navigate the unfamiliar turf.

It is important for us to remember that the courts can be a confusing, daunting place for many who come there. But by listening to those we serve, we can make the court process a little more understandable and a little less scary for the average person.

As I told those courthouse visitors last summer – and as I will tell those in the counties I plan to visit later in the year – this is a focal point for me. It is not just one of those surveys where nothing happens. We already are using the information we are learning to see not only what we are doing well but also how we can improve as we chart our course for the future.

Missouri courts continue to work in cooperation with their "constitutional partners"

In 1974, Chief Justice Donnelly focused part of his remarks on criminal justice issues. He discussed a proposed revision of the criminal code, which he said at that time had "not been totally reviewed in [more than] a century."

I remember that undertaking, although I had not yet even entered law school. It was about 1979, and I was a young cub reporter for the Hannibal Courier-Post, assigned to write about the new criminal code that was taking effect. I hate to date myself, but another 35 years have passed, and I am glad you are considering another update so that our criminal justice system may better serve the state.

Last year, there were 232 offenses that were charged only one time anywhere in the state and 130 other offenses that were charged only twice. I think we can all agree that some sensible efforts at streamlining our criminal code are warranted. Our current criminal code has some discrepancies calling into question the concept of "if you do the crime, you'll do the time." For instance, if a person drives a vehicle while intoxicated and kills someone, that person may be punished by up to seven years in state prison. But that is the same punishment for a person who writes a bad check for less than \$500. Is that being smart on crime?

It is your prerogative to determine where the problems truly lie and what solutions are most appropriate. We appreciate your careful study – in which you have sought information from prosecutors, public defenders and other lawyers – of updating our criminal code, and we in the courts remain committed to help answer any questions you may have from our perspective. We know how difficult this issue is, and we know it may be hard to reach agreement. But we trust that all of your hard work will produce an improved criminal code that will be beneficial for our entire state.

Much has changed since Chief Justice Donnelly's days on the Court. Today, our state and municipal courts handle more than 2.5 million cases each year. Much also has changed in the types of evidence we consider. It is not uncommon today to have evidence of DNA and Facebook entries, not to mention tweets and texts and selfies. And so the need for continuing judicial education is critical, and we are proud of the programs we have in place to keep our judges up to date about new laws and new procedures.

Missouri courts continue to be prudent stewards of public funds

But one thing that has not changed is our continued commitment to being prudent stewards of public funds. One example is a new effort underway to better manage adults awaiting trial for criminal charges, which can be a big relief for counties that are financially strapped because of jail overcrowding.

These innovative pretrial services programs are proving their worth. They keep potentially dangerous offenders off the street before trial but allow those who pose no known threat to be monitored outside of jail while awaiting their court appearance. These programs result in significant savings for counties and their taxpayers by reducing jail overcrowding.

Greene County has seen dramatic savings. In the last two years alone, its program resulted in a net savings of almost \$4 million – even with the cost of the staff running the program included. With results like these, it should not surprise you that similar programs exist in Cole, Boone and Jackson counties as well and that several other counties are considering adding the program. I encourage you to partner with your local officials to determine whether a program like this might help your county save money. In Greene County, local judges worked with their county commission to establish the pretrial services program there. Those judges – Don Burrell, Mark Powell and Miles Sweeney – are here today along with one of their county commissioners, Roseann Bentley. Would you all please stand and be recognized?

Another illustration of how the courts are working with our partners throughout government to be prudent stewards of the public's resources is the increased use of videoconferencing. This technology, which replaces in-person hearings, results in reduced transportation costs for counties and the department of corrections alike. It also decreases the risk to law enforcement officers while increasing public safety. In addition, videoconferencing is useful in mental health cases, preserving the dignity of the person involved. As we develop more uses for this technology, these savings will continue to grow.

We have partnered with you to create several programs that improve our financial stewardship and aid the entire state. Income tax offsets, debt collection efforts and allowing litigants to pay court debts over time have resulted in almost \$26 million in revenue to the state that otherwise would have gone uncollected. And this money goes not to the courts, but to the state and local entities you designate.

Through efforts like these, we in the courts are doing what we can - as one co-equal branch of government - to be efficient with the public's funding. We look forward to continuing to work with you and with all our government partners in the future to provide even more responsible stewardship.

We respect the work you do and the many tough decisions you face as you write the laws for our state. We also appreciate the sacrifices that you and your loved ones make so that you can serve in these majestic chambers. Family support is essential for any of us to do our jobs. Like you, I have enjoyed the support of a wonderful family along the way, and they have made even the toughest days of my career more meaningful. I'd like to acknowledge one of them now. Would you please welcome my husband, Jim, a former member of this House?

In honor of this 40th anniversary of the first state of the judiciary, I end with some of Chief Justice Donnelly's closing remarks: "We seek, as you do, to be a strong, contributing partner to our Missouri state government ... to serve our citizens in a responsive and responsible manner. ... [W]e can do it together."

As your constitutional partners, we look forward to working with you to make Missouri's courts better for everyone. Thank you.

The Joint Session was dissolved by Senator Richard.

Speaker Jones resumed the Chair.

REFERRAL OF HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

The following House Concurrent Resolution was referred to the Committee indicated:

HCR 14 - Professional Registration and Licensing

REFERRAL OF HOUSE BILLS

The following House Bills were referred to the Committee indicated:

- **HB 1113** Transportation
- HB 1327 General Laws
- HB 1328 Ways and Means
- **HB 1329** Downsizing State Government
- **HB 1330** Downsizing State Government
- HB 1331 Downsizing State Government
- **HB 1332** Downsizing State Government
- HB 1333 Downsizing State Government
- HB 1335 General Laws
- **HB 1336** Insurance Policy
- **HB 1337** Transportation
- **HB 1338** Transportation
- HB 1339 Local Government
- HB 1340 General Laws
- HB 1343 Workforce Development and Workplace Safety
- **HB 1346** Crime Prevention and Public Safety
- HB 1354 Local Government
- HB 1355 Local Government
- **HB 1356** Veterans
- HB 1358 Utilities
- HB 1360 Elections
- HB 1361 Insurance Policy
- HB 1362 Crime Prevention and Public Safety
- HB 1363 Professional Registration and Licensing
- HB 1364 General Laws
- **HB 1366** Ways and Means
- HB 1367 Crime Prevention and Public Safety
- HB 1368 Downsizing State Government
- HB 1370 Health Care Policy
- **HB 1371** Judiciary
- HB 1372 Judiciary
- HB 1373 Judiciary
- HB 1374 Financial Institutions
- **HB 1375** Health Care Policy
- HB 1376 Financial Institutions

- **HB 1385** Insurance Policy
- **HB 1388** Downsizing State Government
- HB 1389 Higher Education
- HB 1390 Higher Education
- HB 1391 Emerging Issues in Agriculture
- HB 1410 General Laws
- **HB 1411** Health Care Policy
- HB 1412 Crime Prevention and Public Safety
- HB 1413 Tourism and Natural Resources
- HB 1414 Elections
- HB 1415 Elections
- HB 1416 Elections
- **HB 1417** Judiciary
- HB 1418 Elementary and Secondary Education
- HB 1419 Elementary and Secondary Education
- HB 1420 Elementary and Secondary Education
- **HB 1421** Professional Registration and Licensing
- HB 1422 Ways and Means
- HB 1423 Crime Prevention and Public Safety
- HB 1424 Transportation
- **HB 1425** Elementary and Secondary Education
- HB 1426 Crime Prevention and Public Safety
- HB 1427 Judiciary
- HB 1428 Judiciary
- HB 1429 Judiciary
- **HB 1430** Health Care Policy
- HB 1431 Crime Prevention and Public Safety
- HB 1432 Government Oversight and Accountability
- HB 1434 Judiciary
- HB 1435 Emerging Issues in Agriculture
- HB 1436 Local Government
- HB 1438 Judiciary
- HB 1439 General Laws
- HB 1443 Local Government
- **HB 1444** Economic Development
- HB 1445 Health Insurance
- HB 1446 General Laws
- **HB 1450** Budget
- HB 1451 Economic Development
- HB 1454 Utilities
- HB 1459 Economic Development
- **HB 1478** Health Care Policy
- HB 1495 Special Standing Committee on Small Business

HB 1498 - Economic DevelopmentHB 1500 - Economic DevelopmentHB 1501 - Economic Development

COMMITTEE REPORTS

Committee on Financial Institutions, Chairman Dugger reporting:

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Financial Institutions, to which was referred **HB 1217**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass by Consent with House Committee Substitute**.

Committee on Utilities, Chairman Funderburk reporting:

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Utilities, to which was referred **HB 1191**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass**.

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Utilities, to which was referred **HB 1198**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass**.

INTRODUCTION OF HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following House Joint Resolutions were read the first time and copies ordered printed:

- **HJR 68**, introduced by Representatives Hinson and Schatz, relating to a temporary tax to improve the state highway system, city streets, county roads, and the state transportation system.
- **HJR 69**, introduced by Representatives Houghton, Richardson, Fitzwater, Hansen, Engler, Stream, Schatz, Diehl, Solon and Jones (50), relating to gubernatorial appointments.
- **HJR 70**, introduced by Representative Jones (50), relating to the election of statewide officials.

INTRODUCTION OF HOUSE BILLS

The following House Bills were read the first time and copies ordered printed:

- **HB 1540**, introduced by Representatives Fitzwater, Higdon, Phillips, Shull, Roorda, Remole, Muntzel, Richardson and Hansen, relating to disarming a peace officer.
- **HB 1541**, introduced by Representatives Hubbard, Kelly (45), Ellinger, Gardner, Pace, Colona, McCaherty, Berry, Higdon, Korman, Jones (50), Pierson, May, Montecillo, English, Mims, Dunn, Ellington and Carpenter, relating to a pilot project for increasing children's access to incarcerated parents.

- **HB 1542**, introduced by Representatives Kelley (127), Berry, Brattin, Bahr, Lant, Davis, Spencer, Remole, Black, English, Curtman, Pogue, Moon, McCaherty, Hoskins and Richardson, relating to the Missouri State Guard.
- **HB 1543**, introduced by Representatives Hinson and Schatz, relating to the designation of a memorial bridge.
- **HB 1544**, introduced by Representatives Rowden, Torpey, Haahr, Lichtenegger, Swan, Remole, Kolkmeyer, Muntzel, Dohrman and Pike, relating to the broadcast of general assembly sessions.
- **HB 1545**, introduced by Representatives Haefner, Franklin, Conway (104), Montecillo, Lichtenegger and Lant, relating to the offense of unlawful internet communication with a minor.
- HB 1546, introduced by Representative Bahr, relating to breast-feeding.
- **HB 1547**, introduced by Representatives Dohrman, Hoskins, Kolkmeyer and Muntzel, relating to the designation of the state dogs.
- HB 1548, introduced by Representative McGaugh, relating to the political accountability in campaigning act.
- **HB 1549**, introduced by Representative Montecillo, relating to term limits for State Board of Education members.
- **HB 1550**, introduced by Representative Ellinger, relating to the Public School Retirement System.
- **HB 1551**, introduced by Representative Fitzpatrick, relating to home school student participation in interscholastic activities.
- **HB 1552**, introduced by Representatives Houghton, Richardson, Korman, Fitzwater, Hansen, Engler, Johnson, Stream, Schatz, Diehl, Solon and Jones (50), relating to vacancies in certain public offices.
- **HB 1553**, introduced by Representatives Dohrman, Muntzel, Kolkmeyer and Wood, relating to public library district sales taxes.
- HB 1554, introduced by Representative Montecillo, relating to duties of lobbyists.
- **HB 1555**, introduced by Representative Jones (50), relating to abuse and neglect hotlines.
- **HB 1556**, introduced by Representatives Sommer, Brattin and English, relating to the Missouri Firearms Freedom Act.
- **HB 1557**, introduced by Representative Hinson, relating to automated traffic enforcement systems.

HB 1558, introduced by Representative Flanigan, relating to safety-related capital projects for schools.

HB 1559, introduced by Representative Johnson, relating to the Missouri Capital Exchange Program.

HB 1560, introduced by Representative Cox, relating to penalties for first degree murder.

HB 1561, introduced by Representative Hinson, relating to the sexual offender registry.

HB 1562, introduced by Representatives Kratky, McDonald, Newman, Morgan, Burns, Montecillo and Schupp, relating to unlawful use of a weapon.

HB 1563, introduced by Representatives Kratky, Butler, McDonald, Morgan, Burns, Montecillo and Schupp, relating to a tax credit for certain small businesses.

HB 1564, introduced by Representatives Kratky, Butler, McDonald, Morgan, Burns and Schupp, relating to a tax credit for renovation of rental property.

HB 1565, introduced by Representatives Kratky, Hinson, Higdon, McCaherty, Torpey, Gatschenberger, McDonald, Black, Colona, Phillips, Roorda, Ellinger, Cornejo, Conway (104), Rhoads, Lauer, Kelley (127), Morgan, Burns and Montecillo, relating to the use of hand-held electronic communications devices by persons operating motor vehicles for compensation while transporting passengers.

HB 1566, introduced by Representatives Muntzel, Love, Hicks, Korman, Rhoads and Neely, relating to primary election results.

COMMITTEE CHANGE

January 22, 2014

Mr. Adam Crumbliss, Chief Clerk Missouri House of Representatives State Capitol, Room 317A Jefferson City, MO 65101

Dear Mr. Crumbliss:

I hereby appoint Representative Joshua Peters and Representative Tom Flanigan to serve on the Missouri Arts Council Trust Board.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact my office.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Timothy W. Jones Speaker of the House

WITHDRAWAL OF HOUSE BILL

January 22, 2014

Dear Speaker Jones,

I have filed **HB 1365** which I now ask to withdraw. After filing the bill I realized a drafting error and have filed a new bill to fix the error. An additional letter has been sent asking for this new bill to be referred.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

/s/ Kurt Bahr District 102

The following members' presence was noted: Gannon, Jones (50) and Ross.

ADJOURNMENT

On motion of Representative Diehl, the House adjourned until 10:00 a.m., Thursday, January 23, 2014.

COMMITTEE HEARINGS

APPROPRIATIONS - EDUCATION

Tuesday, January 28, 2014, 2:00 PM, House Hearing Room 1.

The committee will receive testimony from institution presidents.

APPROPRIATIONS - EDUCATION

Wednesday, January 29, 2014, 2:00 PM, House Hearing Room 1.

The committee will receive testimony from institution presidents.

APPROPRIATIONS - GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Thursday, January 23, 2014, Upon Morning Adjournment, House Hearing Room 3.

Organizational meeting and public testimony

Agencies are not required to attend; persons interested in providing testimony are required to sign up in advance with Chairman Parkinson's office.

NOTE: This hearing will be held ONLY if business and testimony is not concluded during the January 22, 2014 meeting.

CANCELLED

APPROPRIATIONS - GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Tuesday, January 28, 2014, 6:00 PM, 2125 Missouri Boulevard, Jefferson City, MO 65109, 573-634-7740.

APPROPRIATIONS - GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Wednesday, January 29, 2014, Upon Morning Adjournment, House Hearing Room 3. Public Debt (HB 1) and Office of Administration Debt (HB 5) – Budget Presentation

APPROPRIATIONS - PUBLIC SAFETY AND CORRECTIONS

Tuesday, January 28, 2014, 2:00 PM, House Hearing Room 3. To discuss recent audit of Public Safety, Office of the Director

APPROPRIATIONS - PUBLIC SAFETY AND CORRECTIONS

Wednesday, January 29, 2014, 2:00 PM, House Hearing Room 6.

Public testimony concerning Public Safety and/or Corrections

Please contact Joe Roberts, Committee Analyst at joe.roberts@house.mo.gov to be added to the itinerary.

BUDGET

Thursday, January 23, 2014, 8:00 AM, House Hearing Room 3. Office of Administration summary of Governor's proposed budget

CRIME PREVENTION AND PUBLIC SAFETY

Thursday, January 23, 2014, 8:00 AM, House Hearing Room 6. Public hearing will be held: HB 1186, HB 1187, HB 1216

CRIME PREVENTION AND PUBLIC SAFETY

Monday, January 27, 2014, Upon Afternoon Adjournment or 5:00 PM, House Hearing Room 6. Public hearing will be held: HB 1346, HB 1426, HB 1412 Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee.

DOWNSIZING STATE GOVERNMENT

Thursday, January 23, 2014, 8:00 AM, House Hearing Room 4. Public hearing will be held: HB 1081, HB 1161, HB 1163, HB 1181, HB 1182, HB 1204 Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee. CORRECTED

GOVERNMENT OVERSIGHT AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Monday, January 27, 2014, 12:00 PM, House Hearing Room 7. Public hearing will be held: HB 1052, HB 1289, HB 1300 Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee.

ISSUE DEVELOPMENT STANDING COMMITTEE ON MISSOURI PORTS

Tuesday, January 28, 2014, 4:00 PM, House Hearing Room 4. For informational purposes only.

JOINT COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT

Thursday, January 23, 2014, 8:00 AM, House Hearing Room 1. First quarter meeting

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Thursday, January 23, 2014, 8:00 AM, House Hearing Room 5. Public hearing will be held: HB 1261, HB 1229, HB 1272, HB 1238 Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee.

RETIREMENT

Thursday, January 23, 2014, 9:00 AM, House Hearing Room 1. Public hearing will be held: HB 1301 Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee.

SPECIAL STANDING COMMITTEE ON URBAN ISSUES

Monday, January 27, 2014, 5:00 PM, House Hearing Room 5. Public hearing will be held: HB 1076, HB 1233 Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee. CANCELLED

TOURISM AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Thursday, January 23, 2014, 8:00 AM, House Hearing Room 7. Public hearing will be held: HB 1078, HB 1115, HB 1201 Executive session will be held: HB 1197, HB 1074 Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee.

UTILITIES

Tuesday, January 28, 2014, 6:00 PM, 516 S Country Club Dr, Jefferson City. Informational meeting

HOUSE CALENDAR

NINTH DAY, THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 2014

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTIONS FOR SECOND READING

HJR 68 through HJR 70

HOUSE BILLS FOR SECOND READING

HB 1540 through HB 1566

HOUSE BILLS FOR PERFECTION

HB 1125 - Dugger